

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1.- 3. (CANCELED)

4. (Withdrawn) A method for reducing distortion of a signal applied to an input of a circuit operating at high frequency and having a parasitic capacitance, comprising the steps of:

detecting a change in voltage of said input signal; and

changing an impedance of a parallel termination circuit that is in parallel with said parasitic capacitance to reduce distortion of said input signal.

5.-10. (CANCELED)

11. (Withdrawn) Apparatus for reducing distortion of a signal applied to an input of a circuit operating at high frequency and having a parasitic capacitance, comprising:

a detecting circuit for detecting a change in voltage of said input signal; and

a correction circuit for changing an impedance of a parallel termination circuit that is in parallel with said parasitic capacitance to reduce distortion of said input signal.

12. (CANCELED)

13. (CANCELED)

14. (Withdrawn) Apparatus for reducing distortion of an input signal applied to an input of a circuit operating at high frequency and having a parasitic capacitance at said input, comprising:

a first circuit element for selectively providing current to said parasitic capacitance;

a second circuit element for selectively preventing discharge of said parasitic capacitance; and

a control circuit monitoring said input signal for respectively turning on said first circuit element and turning off said second circuit element when a positive going edge of said input signal is detected and for turning off said first circuit element and turning on said second circuit element when a negative going edge of said input signal is detected.

15. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said first and second circuit elements have a common terminal coupled to said parasitic capacitance.

16. (Withdrawn) Apparatus for reducing distortion of an input signal applied to an input of a circuit operating at high frequency and having a parasitic capacitance at said input, comprising:

a first circuit element for selectively providing current to said parasitic capacitance;

a second circuit element for selectively preventing discharge of said parasitic capacitance; and

a control circuit monitoring said input signal for respectively turning on said first circuit element and turning off said second circuit element when a positive going edge of second circuit element when a negative going edge of said input signal is detected;

said first and second circuit elements have a common terminal coupled to said parasitic capacitance;

said first and second circuit elements being transistors.

17. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 16 wherein one of said transistors is a PMOS transistor and another one of said transistors is an NMOS transistor.

18.-20. (CANCELED)

21. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 11 wherein said parasitic capacitance appears between said input and ground.

22. (CANCELED)

23. (CANCELED)

24. (Withdrawn) The apparatus of claim 14 wherein said parasitic capacitance appears between said input and ground.

25. – 31. (CANCELED)

32. (currently amended) A method for reducing distortion of a signal applied to an input of a high frequency circuit having a parasitic capacitance between said input and ground, comprising the steps of:

employing a device responsive to a rate of change of voltage for detecting at said input a direction of change in voltage of said input signal; **and**

activating a current generatorcharge pump for introducing a current to said parasitic capacitance to prevent said parasitic capacitance from drawing current from said input signal responsive to detection of a rate of change of a positive edge of said input signal by said device; **and**

said charge pump having a transistor which is activated for preventing discharge of said parasitic capacitance into the input of the circuit by preventing a change of voltage at said input responsive to detection of a rate of change of a negative edge of said input signal.

33. CANCELLED

34. (Currently Amended) Apparatus for reducing distortion of a signal applied to an input of a circuit operating at a high frequency and having a parasitic capacitance between said input and ground, comprising:

a rate of change of voltage detection circuit coupled to said input for detecting a change in voltage of said input signal coupled to said input; **and**

a correction circuit comprising a current generatingcharge pump circuit coupled between said detection circuit and said input to generate a current for compensating for current from said input signal diverted to said parasitic capacitance responsive to a rate of change of voltage of a positive edge of said input signal detected by said detection circuit;

said detection circuit comprises a capacitor coupled between a common terminal and said input; and

said charge pump having a first transistor which is activated for preventing discharge of said parasitic capacitance into the input of said circuit operating at a high frequency by preventing a change of voltage at said input responsive to detection of a rate of change of a negative edge of said input signal.

35. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein said correction circuit further comprises a current source coupled to a firstsecond transistor;

~~a common terminal between~~ said current source and said firstsecond transistor coupled between said common terminal and to an output of said detection circuit; and

~~said current generating circuit further comprising a second~~ said first transistor coupled to said common terminal through a third transistor.

36. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim 35 wherein said secondfirst transistor is PMOS transistor and said third transistor is an NMOS transistor.

37. (CANCELLED)

38. (NEW) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein said detection circuit being isolated from said output.

39. (NEW) The apparatus of claim 34 wherein said detection circuit is independent of said circuit operating at a high frequency.